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The Chicago Eagle, a newspaper for all classes of readers, is devoted to National, State and Local Politics, to the publication of Municipal, State, County and Sanitary District news, to comment on public life, to clean baseball and sports, and to the publication of general information of public interest, financial, commercial and political.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1919.

MADDEN TO AID POSTAL MEN.

Legislation granting an increase in salary to postal employees will be passed by the house within the next two or three weeks, according to Representative Madden of Chicago, member of the house postoffice committee, who said that it could be "definitely stated" that this action would be taken. A bill providing for an increase will be reported to the house this week, Mr. Madden said, although he declined to indicate the increase that would be authorized. It will be in the form of a temporary increase covering the fiscal year 1920 and the legislation will give special attention to the compensation of temporary and auxiliary clerks and carriers and substitutes.

The Madden resolution authorizes the postmaster-general to grant wage increases in localities where outside industrial conditions and higher wages have produced a shortage of postal employees, but the resolution will be amended in committee so as to remove the discretionary power from the hands of the department and provide for a flat increase of pay throughout the service.

"The increased cost of living and the higher wages paid outside the service have resulted in taking away from the postal establishment many of its most efficient men, and something has got to be done," Mr. Madden said.

GEO. HOFFMANN'S ABLE WORK.

George Hoffmann, the well known brewer, deserves great credit from his fellow citizens for the able, logical and fearless manner in which he has assailed prohibition and its attendant evils in the able pamphlet he published upon the subject.

No true friend of personal liberty can differ from Mr. Hoffmann in his conclusions, and no true friend of our glorious country can deny the fact that he has pilloried some of its worst enemies. Mr. Hoffmann goes to the bottom of the subject and exposes the sordid purposes and mercenary objects of the Rockefeller and other financial backers of the wave of fanaticism which has swept the country off its feet. We regret that we have not the space to publish Mr. Hoffmann's able article in full, but we advise all men who are opposed to the confiscation of private property and to the obliteration of individual rights to read Hoffmann's bold treatise and commit it to memory. The truth is mighty and must prevail.

A GREAT FINANCIAL HOUSE

H. W. Dubiske & Company Provide Capital for High Class Business Projects Which Stand on Normal and Sound Trade Basis.

In the course of a long and interesting article, written by C. C. Bowsfield, editor of the National Banker, the National Banker says:

A notable record of successful achievement in financing and building up essential industries has been made by H. W. Dubiske & Company, who have met and surmounted many serious problems in connection with the protracted war and the sudden return to peace.

H. W. Dubiske & Company have pursued a consistent policy with respect to the financing of business enterprises, following the soundest of logic with reference to underlying conditions and thereby winning substantial success. All through the war period they devoted their energy and the full strength of their organization to the development of industries that were of help to the government. They also gave personal service to the great cause. At the same time they

safeguarded the large financial interests which they represent by keeping their various enterprises as fully prepared for peace as for war. Therefore the reconstruction period finds all the Dubiske projects on a sound basis and going forward to still greater expansion and prosperity.

No financial house in America earned or received higher encomiums for the public spirit which it manifested during the war than Dubiske & Company, as shown in an earnest personal support of the government and the devotion of their business enterprises and capital to constructive work demanded by the exigencies of the times. War work and war industries were given first place in all the company's activities, and the highest praise possible was freely accorded to Mr. Dubiske and his staff for their determined effort and immense success in helping to "put over" the various Liberty Loans.

Capital is needed now for industrial development as never before, and it is only necessary for the success of a financial house that it shall choose for its investments and organizing ability sound, clean needful projects, and have them well managed. Based on these cardinal ideas, H. W. Dubiske & Company have gained permanent success and a wide reputation. With such principles continually in force their business in the future promises to be greater in extent than in past years, and also to be of greater financial importance.

They have never been identified with a losing company or a non-essential one. Every one of their financial projects have made good—and made good the first year.

No stockholder in any H. W. Dubiske Company projects has ever suffered loss by such investment. Many stockholders increase their holdings from year to year.

H. W. Dubiske & Company's enterprises pay their dividends regularly—and pay the highest rate consistent with safety and prudent management.

Adolph Kraus is always in the lead of every movement for the betterment of conditions in Chicago.



MAJOR J. WILFORD WINE.

Popular and Respected Chicago Surgeon Who Won Promotion for Good Work at the Front in France.

KICKHAM SCANLAN.
Popular Judge of the Circuit Court.

H. H. Merrick is one of the leaders in the civic life of Chicago. As president of the Association of Commerce he has done great work for the city, its present and future. Mr. Merrick is president of the Great Lakes Trust Company, Chicago's new big bank, which started in with a capital of \$3,000,000, and a surplus of \$600,000. All of the stock was oversubscribed for.

C. A. Bickett, the well known and highly respected president of the Bickett Coal and Coke Company, although still a young man, has led a very active life and has been a potent figure in the business world for many years. Whether as president of the Chicago Bearing Metal Company, the Bickett Coal and Coke Company, or as a director of the Fort Dearborn National Bank, he has won the high regard of the business public.

S. P. Messinger has done much for Chicago in furnishing the people with a fine lot of first-class restaurants. Leo Oppenheimer, vice-president of the famous Messinger lunch rooms, is one of the coming men of Chicago. He is popular, able and progressive.

Samuel R. Kaufman the popular president of the famous Congress Hotel Company and head of the great Congress Hotel, is one of the most public spirited citizens of Chicago who is always keenly alive on everything uplifting the city and a broad minded man of affairs who makes everyone who patronizes his hotel happy.

John T. Murray, the well known and popular lawyer, would make a good judge.

Judge Frank Johnston, Jr., is making a fine record on the Circuit Court bench.

John W. Eckhart has done much to build up the Iroquois Club. He makes a success of everything he undertakes.

IN THE LIMELIGHT

GLENN E. PLUMB MAN OF THE HOUR



that his work as counsel for the four brotherhoods would mean the direction of a mighty fight.

The man of the hour is Glenn E. Plumb, the author of labor's plan to nationalize the railroads. A few days ago he was as unknown to the man in the street as any chief in Patagonia. His name is in the headlines now, and will stay there a long time. The spotlight has been thrust upon him with dramatic suddenness. He is a corporation lawyer who gained his experience in transportation matters in Chicago.

Mr. Plumb clings steadfastly to the assertion that the railroad unions aim "to eliminate the motive of operation for profit and substitute the motive of operation for service," to which he adds the corollary that "it means democracy in industry, without which democracy in politics is a mere shell and sham."

He lives with his family in Chevy Chase, having moved there from Chicago recently, when it became apparent

CROWELL URGES AIR DEPARTMENT

Concentration of the air activities of the United States, civilian, naval and military, within the direction of a single government agency, with an official holding a place in the president's cabinet at the head, is recommended by the special American aviation mission, headed by Assistant Secretary of War Benedict Crowell, which has been studying aircraft development in Europe.

The proposed department of aviation, the mission asserted, should be charged with full responsibility for "placing and maintaining our country in the front rank among nations in the development and utilization of aircraft for the national security and in the advancement of civil aerial transportation and communication arts."

The report of the mission, which is divided into three parts, dealing with general organization, commercial development and technical development, is based on studies made in England, France and Italy after conferences with air ministries of the three governments, ranking army and navy commanders, and the foremost aircraft manufacturers.



SIMON LAKE, U-BOAT INVENTOR



ocean. There is an airlocked chamber which enables a man to go out through a door into the sea, but which prevents the water from coming in.

Simon Lake has been at work perfecting the modern submarine since 1896. And while he was perfecting the submarine for destruction he was also evolving one for salvage. Today his plans are complete, and out in Long Island sound lies the submarine.

The device is apparently simple. A noncollapsible steel tube permits the salvagers to have an operating base on the floor of the ocean. A flight of stairs run down this tube. One end of the tube is attached to the surface vessel and the other to an operating chamber. Water-ballast tanks are distributed throughout its length so that the structure can be placed in equilibrium with the water when ready for submergence.

Under perfectly normal conditions a man can walk down these stairs to the bed of the sea. He can step from the submarine and walk in perfect safety and comfort on the floor of the

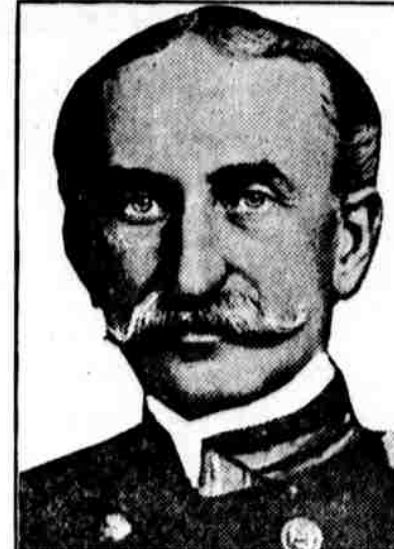
FISKE GIVEN AERO CLUB MEDAL

The board of governors of the Aero Club of America have awarded the gold medal of the club to Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, U. S. N., retired, for his invention of the torpedo plane, patented on July 10, 1912, which was used effectively during the war. Announcement is also made of the receipt of a letter from Admiral Fiske which says, among other things:

"To be awarded the gold medal of the Aero Club of America is an honor that is exceptional, because the standing of the Aero club is exceptional. But though the standing of the Aero club is high, the effective work which it carried on throughout the war is not fully appreciated by the nation for the reason that its work was unofficial, and therefore not recognized officially.

"Like many another unrecognized agency, however, its influence was potent and profound. Acting as the advance scout of aeronautic progress, the Aero club continually gave information to the country of the possibilities of naval and military aeronautics, insisted that those possibilities be utilized, and demanded that congress appropriate such sums of money as would enable the government departments to utilize those possibilities completely and in time.

Admiral Fiske concludes by paying a tribute to the patriotism and intelligence of the press in air matters.



MIRZA ABDUL ALI KHAN OF PERSIA



about Persia. It appears that the emperor nowadays is Sultan Ahmad Shah. There is a national council and a senate, but they do not have much to say. The shah has 9,500,000 subjects, scattered over 628,000 square miles.

Mirza Abdul Ali Khan, Sadigh-es-Sultaneh, newly arrived minister from Persia to the United States, was received officially at the White House by President Wilson, to whom he presented his credentials as well as the letters of recall of his predecessor, Minister Mehdi Kuhn.

The new representative of the shah comes from a Persian family of ancient lineage. He was born in 1870, educated in Tabriz, and entered the diplomatic service in 1899, being for a number of years attached to the Persian embassy in London.

Minister Sadigh has been the recipient of numerous decorations, both in his own country and elsewhere, among them being the Distinguished Order of the Lion and Sun, the Order of the Royal Portrait, of both the present shah and his predecessor, and the jeweled epaulets.

The average man doesn't know much about Persia. It appears that the emperor nowadays is Sultan Ahmad Shah. There is a national council and a senate, but they do not have much to say. The shah has 9,500,000 subjects, scattered over 628,000 square miles.



FRANK JOHNSTON, JR.
Popular Judge of the Circuit Court.

EAGLETS.

Among American music educators Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Deis are in the very front rank. On principles of psychology and modern pedagogy they conduct the work of their school where piano playing as an art is taught exclusively.

Michael Corcoran, the popular bill poster, with headquarters at 177 West Washington street is one of the busiest men in Chicago. His work for the government during the war kept him pretty busy, but the business and theatrical world now claims all of his attention.

William C. Niehoff would make a good County Commissioner. No man is better posted on public affairs.

Dixon C. Williams should be elected to the constitutional convention in the sixth district.

Addison street, one of the widest and longest east and west streets on the north and west sides, should be made a boulevard.

Otto Kerner, the well known lawyer and popular master in chancery is so frequently mentioned for Judge of the Municipal Court that his friends who are legion are hoping that he will make the race. No man is better equipped for the place, either by training or ability. His proven courage, uniform courtesy and judicial temperament fit him for the bench.

Charles Appel, the popular proprietor of the North Side Turner Hall, has built up one of the finest restaurant trades in Chicago by his general methods and strict attention to business. People who have patronized his popular restaurant at 820 N. Clark street, are never tired of praising the good cooking and splendid meals.

Judge Henry Guerin is making a good record on the Superior bench.

A new bulletin of information of the Oscar Deis School of Artistic Piano Playing is just off the press. Write for same, 218 South Wabash avenue.

William White of 2644 Pine Grove avenue may be the next state senator from the 31st district. He is very popular; Chicago-born like his father and mother, has plenty of money and stands high with all of his fellow Republicans. The young men of the district are for him if he will consent to make the race.

Owen O'Malley, who made a good record and a host of friends as County Commissioner is devoting all of his time to his popular and prosperous cigar store, opposite the County building at 137 North Clark street.

Louis J. Behan, the well known lawyer and popular master in chancery, is frequently mentioned for a place on the Superior Bench. Every one who knows him believes that he would make a fine judge.

Announcement.
The Oscar Deis Piano School, accredited, elementary to teacher's certificate and graduate courses. School year begins September 10th. For bulletin of information, apply Oscar Deis Piano School, Miss Betty Lyons, secretary, studio 925, 218 South Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.

"As an educational subject, music is essential, and every boy and girl should have the opportunity to study music; to ennoble and refresh his mental and spiritual self, sensitizing a keen appreciation of the beautiful through the beautiful."

Coroner Peter M. Hoffman is always alert in looking after the interests of the people.

Frank A. Johnson, general sales manager of the Grennan Cake Corporation, is one of the most popular and wideawake young men in Chicago. He is very popular in political circles and many predict a big public career for him.

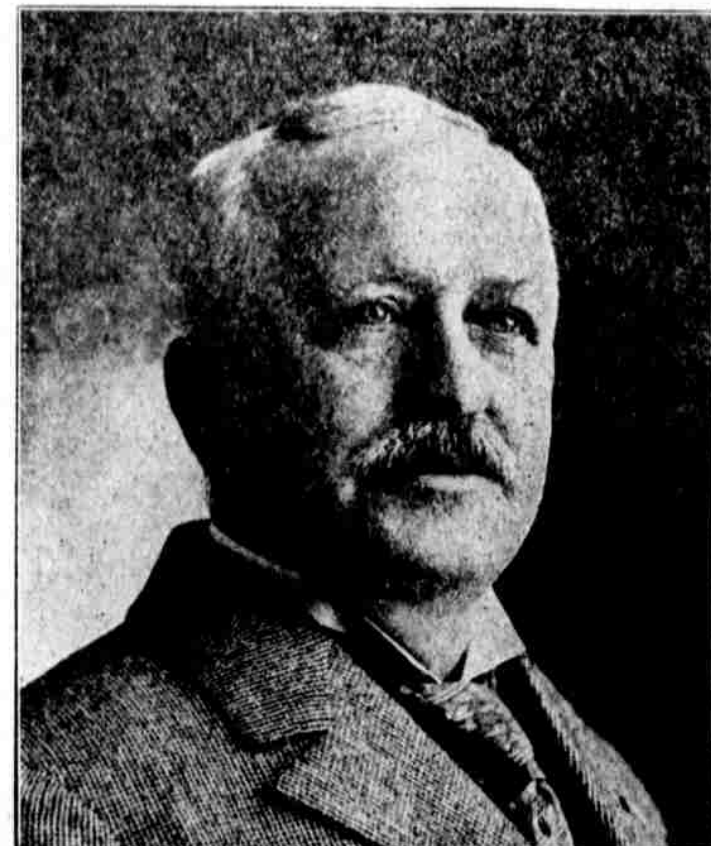
Robert H. Taft, the popular President of the Lawrence Ice Cream Company is one of the live wires of the Chicago business world. Interested in many active enterprises he is an up-bulder of the city and a man who stands for the encouragement of prosperity.

City Clerk James T. Igoe gives satisfaction to the public.

P. J. Sibley, of the Fountain Pen Shop, at 31 N. Dearborn st., is often mentioned for Clerk of the Superior Court. His popularity would insure his election if he would make the race.

Judge Scully of the County Court is a great baseball fan and is very popular with the ball players and their friends.

Dixon C. Williams has high honors awaiting him at the hands of the people.



JOSEPH F. HAAS.
Popular Recorder of Deeds.